VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals



Website: Journal https://frontlinejournal s.org/journals/index.ph p/fsshj

Original Copyright: content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.



UZBEK PHRASEOLOGY AS A SCIENCE

Submission Date: April 12, 2022, Accepted Date: April 20, 2022,

Published Date: April 30, 2022

Crossref doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/social-fsshj-02-04-16

Shakhnoza Almamatova

Ph.D. Associate Professor, Department of Uzbek Language and Literature, JizPI, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

Phrasemes are stable combinations, studied as a section of phraseology in a separate area of linguistics. Indeed, stable phrases, including the fact that phraseological units are recognized not only as semantic, but also as syntactic phenomena, stable phrases, in contrast to free combinations, and that fixed phrases are the building material of a sentence, in contrast to free combinations. This article describes the scientific views of linguists on word combinations and their components, as well as their syntactic relations, in particular, when studying word combinations in Uzbek linguistics. This article describes the scientific views of linguists on word combinations and their components, as well as their syntactic relations, in particular, on the scientific study of word combinations in Uzbek linguistics.

Keywords

Phraseology, phraseme, somatic phrasemes, usual and occasional functions of phrasemes, language, speech, linguistics, stable compounds, semantic phenomena, word meaning

FRONTLINE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY JOURNAL

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569

















Introduction

At the beginning of the 20th century, phrasemes began to be studied as a separate branch of linguistics. The general theoretical questions of phraseology were first studied by the French linguist C. Bally. In his works, Sh. Bally systematizes phrases. stable combinations derived from meanings and syntactic meanings, used in general, he calls phrasemes. S. Bally considers phrasemes as a semantic event and considers a semantic feature as an absolute feature of phrasemes. The study of phraseological issues, especially in Russian linguistics, has taken on an intensive form.

Monographs, scientific articles, practical manuals, phraseological dictionaries appeared, covering the theoretical and practical aspects phraseology. The morphological features and paradigmatics of word combinations were studied, the syntactic functions of the sentence were determined, a comparative typological analysis was carried out, the phraseology of the language of a work of art and its stylistic functions were determined, textbooks and manuals and dictionaries regarding phraseology were created. Also in Uzbek linguistics, doctoral and candidate dissertations on the scientific study of phrases were defended, dozens of scientific articles, textbooks, phraseological dictionaries appeared. Doctoral dissertation prof. Sh. Rakhmatullaeva "Some issues of Uzbek phraseology" and the monograph of the same name are the first studies on the scientific study of phrases. These studies argued that phrases should be studied as a lexical unit, and widely covered the grammatical nature of phrasemes. The ideas and conclusions expressed in the monograph serve as the basis for the study of word combinations from the semantic, grammatical and stylistic points of view. Also, a number of scientific works devoted to the study of the grammatical and semantic aspects of phrases became the basis for the development of Uzbek phraseology. Particular attention is paid to the study of phrases in the stylistic direction, the methodological aspects of the phrases used in the works of Uzbek writers and poets have been studied, and scientific research has arisen on the mastery of Uzbek writers in the use of phrases and their stylistic features.

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

For the first time in B. Yuldashev's doctoral dissertation, phrasemes were systematically studied in a functional and methodological aspect, on the basis of rich linguistic material, their usual and occasional functions in the speech process, pragmatic possibilities in a literary text, functional and methodological characteristics were studied.

In the doctoral dissertation of A. Mamatov "Problems of the formation of phrasal verbs in the Uzbek language" such topical issues as specific means and methods of formation of phrasemes, linguistic and non-linguistic factors in their formation, the role of words in the emergence of an expressive-meaningful aspect, aspects of semantic formation, are analyzed and described. motivational and derivational foundations of formation, lexical and semantic features of education based on language phrases.

During the period of independence, special attention was paid to the creation of various dictionaries, phrasebooks, which fully cover the phraseological richness of our language. A phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language was created by Sh. Rakhmatullaev (Tashkent, 1992); Brief Russian-Uzbek Dictionary of Set Phrases by M. Sadykova (Tashkent, 1994); The Uzbek speech of M. Sattor is interesting (Tashkent, 1994; 2011); B. Yuldashev, phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language by K. Bozorbaev (phrase book) (Tashkent, 1998); Value base of Sh.Shomaksudov and Sh.Shorakhmedov (Tashkent. 2001); Sh.Shomaksudov, Sh.Dolimov, Keywords (folk phrases) (Tashkent, 2011); B. Tuychibaev, Encyclopedia of the Zaamin language K. Kashkirli (Tashkent, 2012); Explanatory dictionary of analogies of the Uzbek language N. Makhmudov, D. Khudoyberganova (Tashkent, 2013); N. Makhmudov. Y. Odilov's contradiction in the development of the meaning of the word. Annotated dictionary of enantiosemic words of the Uzbek language. (Tashkent, 2014) and others, and some progress has been made.

Increased attention to the study of theoretical issues of Uzbek phraseology. In his Ph.D. thesis, K. Khakimov studied simple phrases based on the method of component analysis.

Some results of the component analysis of phrasemes summarized in Sh. are Rakhmatullaev's monograph "Combination of verb phrases in the Uzbek language". Sh. Rakhmatullaev notes that the connection in verb phrases is a very complex phenomenon in many

Volume 02 Issue 04-2022

137

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

respects, covering a wide range of syntactic and semantic phenomena. The possibility communication is a property of a language unit and is reflected in their relationship. He admits that the essence of the internal connection of a linguistic unit is revealed only thanks to the lexico-grammatical environment.

Sh. Usmanova defended her Ph.D. work on the topic "Somatic phraseological units in the Uzbek and Turkic languages." This work consists of two chapters, at the end of which an Uzbek-Turkic dictionary of alternative somatic phrases is attached. In the first chapter of the work, somatic phrasemes (such as bosh og'rig'i, ko'z bilan qosh orasida, ko'zini olib kochmog, qo'l ostida) are analyzed functionally and semantically, equal to the combination in the Uzbek and Turkic languages. And in the second chapter, somatic phrasemes (such as boshimiz osmonga etdi, bosh omon bo'lsa, do'ppi topiladi) equal to the explained semantically sentence are grammatically.

M. Khalikova's Ph.D. work analyzes the existing views and concepts of modern linguistics on such issues as language and thinking, the language landscape of the world, the influence of anthropomorphic factors on language. In this

paper, for the first time, on the example of Russian and Uzbek phrasemes, such issues as the national semantics of phrases. the influence of extralinguistic factors on the semantics of phraseological units are highlighted.

Sh. Abdullaev for the first time in Uzbek phraseology studied the general and peculiar features of phrases in the Uzbek translation of T. Kayypbergenov's works "Karakalpaknoma", "Karakalpak epic". The study shows the ways of translating phrases with equivalents variants, to what extent the verbal expression of phrasemes affects the translation conversely, the translation of words with phrases, the impact of these methods on the level of the work. There are also comments misunderstandings resulting from the omission of fixed compound words by the translator, as well as some incorrectly translated phrases.

In general, such studies have proven in practice that Uzbek phraseology can do a lot of scientific work in the field of comparative phraseology in the future.

The author of a doctoral dissertation on the topic "Functional-semantic synonyms of words in the Uzbek language" Kh. Shamsiddinov considers

Volume 02 Issue 04-2022

138

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

phrasemes as functional-semantic synonyms of ordinary words and in this context tried to semantically study the synonymic relations between such words and phrases as ayyor (cunning) - shaytonga dars beradigan, pixini yorgan; shoshilmog (hurry) - podadan oldin chang chiqarmoq; aralashmoq (to intervene) burnini tiqmoq; indamay (silent) - lom-mim demay, yuvosh (calm) - qo'y og'zidan cho'p olmagan, haydamoq (drive) - dumini tugmoq.

Abdimurod Mamatov in his monograph "Problems of lexical and phraseological norms in the modern Uzbek literary language" and on this basis defended his doctoral thesis for the first time in Uzbek linguistics, he studied the problems of language norms and speech culture of phraseology. The last chapter of this work is entitled "Phraseological norm in the modern Uzbek literary language and types of deviations from it". Some observations on the phraseological norm, ideas expressed along the way, existed before. For example, Sh. Rakhmatullaev in his Ph.D. thesis drew attention to the issue of compliance with the phraseological norm. And A.E. Mamatov in his work, along with other norms of the language, put forward both theoretical and practical problems of the phraseological norm.

After that, some scientific observations were published regarding the phraseological norm or the lexico-phraseological norm in Uzbek linguistics and the prevention of its violation.

Abdugafur Mamatov began researching the issues of phraseological formation, one of the most pressing issues for Uzbek phraseology, published about twenty articles on this topic, monographic studies on the topic "Fundamentals of the formation phraseology". "Theoretical foundations of the formation of phraseology" and on this basis defended his doctoral dissertation the topic "Problems of formation of phraseology in the Uzbek language".

And the candidate work of K. Bozorbaev also made a worthy contribution to the development of Uzbek phraseology. In the first chapter of the work, sources, layers and their specific features of the emergence of colloquial speech phrases are analyzed.

B. Yuldashev's doctoral dissertation and a number of monographs and scientific articles published in recent years are devoted to the study of the functional and methodological features of phrasemes in the modern Uzbek literary language. In the 80s and 90s, scholars of

139

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

phraseology achieved certain success in studying the phraseology of Uzbek dialogic speech and the phraseology of Uzbek folk tales. A.M.Bushiy and R.D.Dzhurakulov, who studied word combinations in Uzbek folk tales, approach this issue from a very broad point of view, that is, each of the numerous language means that have taken a permanent, stable, cliché form is studied in the article. The authors of the article also made important remarks about the translation of the phraseology of Uzbek folk tales into Russian.

In her candidate's work on the topic "Linguistic" methodological status and spiritual and application of proverbs" B. Dzhuraeva tried to identify etymological, semantic and syntactic proverbs from related phrases. In subsequent years, the scientist began to study the process of idiomization in expressions (phrases) proverbs.

The monograph and study guides of A. Abdusaidov, scientific articles and a separate part of his doctoral dissertation on the topic "Linguistic features of newspaper genres" are devoted to the study of the role of phrases as a means of expressing expressiveness in newspaper language.

In the third chapter of her Ph.D. work, G. Isakova managed to consistently analyze the features of the use of the verb "to do" as part of stable units (phrases and proverbs).

M. Vafoeva defended her Ph.D. work on the study structural and semantic features phraseological synonyms in the Uzbek language. The first chapter of this study is devoted to the phenomenon of phraseological synonymy and the level of its study in world linguistics, Turkic and Uzbek linguistics. The next chapter of the study examines the structural features phraseological synonyms in the Uzbek language. And in the last chapter of the study, the semantic and methodological features of phraseological synonyms in the Uzbek language, the distinction between expressive-evaluative and functionalmethodological coloring phraseological in synonyms and other issues are considered.

In recent years, our linguists have been conducting interesting scientific observations on cognitive-pragmatic interpretation the phrases, the problems of phraseme modeling. This indicates that the further development of Uzbek phraseology will be even more significant.

FRONTLINE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY JOURNAL

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569

















During the years of independence, a number of monographic studies on Uzbek phraseology have been published. For example, in the study by Sh. Rakhmatullaev "Combining verbal phrasemes in the Uzbek language", phrasemes were first studied in two groups: connected and unrelated phrasemes. The monographs of B. Yuldashev "Problems of Uzbek phraseology and phraseography" (2013), Sh. Ganiyeva "Structural study of Uzbek phraseology" (2013) are of great importance in the development of Uzbek phraseology. In recent years, G. Ismailov has done remarkable work in the field of comparative typological study of phraseology on the materials of the Uzbek, Kazakh and Karakalpak languages. In recent years, linguists have published a number of works on the component analysis of phrasemes.

It is known that new scientific and theoretical views on the science of phraseology occupy a firm place in the textbooks and teaching aids created in recent years. For example, H. Dzhamolkhanov considers phrasemes as a stable construction with a portable meaning. As the scientist notes, a phraseme is the same lexical unit as a lexeme, but it differs in a number of features of expression plans and content. In his new textbook "Modern

Literary Uzbek" Sh. Rakhmatullaev calls the area of study of phrases phrasemics. As noted in this work, "a phrase is the second linguistic unit related to the lexical stage of language construction and consisting of a semanticsyntactic combination of more than one lexeme, respectively, the segment is called a unit; in terms of syntactic structure, it is equivalent to a compound, sentence form and usually performs nominative and significative functions, but differs from a lexeme not only in expression, but also in content.

From here it can be seen that even in newly published textbooks and in manuals on the interpretation of the properties of phrases, integrity has not been achieved.

Such issues as phraseological etymology, phraseological stylistics, comparative study of phrases in different languages, definition of phraseological layers, assimilation of phrasemes, materials of folk language phraseology, Uzbek folklore phraseology, Uzbek dialect phraseology should be involved in scientific analysis. Issues such as component analysis of phrases, the role of components in the formation of phrases are also one of the important problems facing the science of Uzbek phraseology.

141

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

In Turkology in the monographs of such linguists as S. Kenesbaev, Sh. Rakhmatullaev, G. A. Bayramov, G. Kh. A. Mamatov studied the lexicogrammatical, lexical-semantic nature and stylistic features of phrasemes and they had a significant on the development of Turkic impact phraseological science.

It is recognized by all linguists that phrases are semantically, functionally structurally, stylistically complex phenomena. Structuralsemantic formation of phrases more complicated vocabulary. than In Uzbek linguistics. studied phrasemes were and described on the basis of the theory of "alternative to the word". According to this theory, phrasemes, like lexemes, are also recognized as a linguistic unit with nominative properties, studied as a separate form of a lexeme. and studied in the context of lexicology. Indeed, although the functional properties of phrasemes are similar to those of lexemes, it is not enough to study and describe them as lexemes, since phrasemes are a complex language Phrasemes in form consist of words and word forms. The genetic basis of lexemes is the main source of phraseme formation, since it is lexemes that are the "building material" for phrasemes.

However, "phraseological unity arises as a specific contradiction and unity of the plan of expression with the plan of content, therefore phraseological units require a separate approach, study".

First of all, phrasemes have a certain form, and lexemes are the material basis of their formation. Different combinations of different lexemes correspondence (semantic or semantic inconsistency) form phrases, and lexemes of different meanings participate their composition. And this requires determining the role of lexemes in phraseological combinations. In solving Uzbek phrases, active and inactive lexemes are involved, which are the basis for establishing phrasemes not only in form, but also in semantics.

As you can see, in linguistics, words in phrasemes have lost their lexical meaning and are considered as a non-verbal linguistic phenomenon, other linguists recognize that the components retain their lexical properties, but this happens differently in different phrases. Most linguists recognize that lexemes retain their lexical meaning even after they are part of phrasemes. However, in some phrasemes the lexical meaning

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569

















is completely preserved, while in others the lexical meaning is somewhat weakened.

If some lexemes are included in such single phrases as Daqyonusdan qolgan, Almisoqdan qolgan, chuchvarani xom sanamoq, tarvuzi qo'ltig'idan tushmoa. lexemes expressing participate in ten to a hundred or more phrasemes as a component of such as somatic yurak, ko'z, gulog, yuz, go'l, zoonymic sichgon, tuya, it, the action of tushmog, o'tmog, tigmog. The verbal component plays a special role in the grammatical formation of phrases.

Most Uzbek phrases are formed by means of verbal lexemes, the verb is involved as a component of the grammatical basis, and the main part of phrasemes of the Uzbek language is verbal phrasemes. The semantic basic components in the composition of phrasemes form the semantic system of phrasemes. The scale of formation of a phraseologically active component is reflected in the expressive formation of phrasemes characteristic of four lexical and grammatical groups, such as a noun, a verb, an adjective, a form.

In the expressive formation of phrases, it is also important how the lexemes interact with each other. As a result of combining words with other words in certain ways, new structural and new meaningful phrasemes with stable, figurative, expressive, holistic meanings are formed.

Russian linguist Yu.A. Gvozdarev also allows "phrases formed on the basis of words." Active lexemes not only determine the form of phrasemes, but also play a special role in their formation in terms of meaning. Therefore, in phraseological studies such terms as "semantic component of the stem" and "semantic non-main component" are used.

"Phrases As V. Vinogradov states: are combinations of elements linguistic and represent a communicative unit that has a kind of holistic semantic feature." Identification of active lexemes in the component composition of Uzbek phrases creates the possibility of clarifying the distributive relations of words, the laws of their combination.

The components of phrasemes in Uzbek linguistics were first scientifically analyzed in the studies of Sh. Rakhmatullaev. A. Isaev.

Sh. Rakhmatullaev states that the nature of the meaning of phraseological units undergoes

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569

















semantic development by copying more than one word on the basis of a certain image, and calls the meaning formed on the basis of a certain image phraseological meaning.

In his research, A. Isaev emphasizes the role of somatic lexemes in the formation of phrases, in particular, the active role of such somatic lexemes as kyz, bosh, yuz, bet in the formation of phrases. It should be noted that these studies were focused more on the fixation of linguistic materials than on the scientific analysis of the role and properties of somatic lexemes in the formation of phrasemes. Words such as go'l, oyog, yuz, bet, gulog, ko'z are considered somatic lexemes in our language, as they designate one of the organs of the human body. However, the phrases formed in the presence of these words, ko'zini shamg'alat qilib, ko'z ochib yumguncha, boshini govushtirmog, tilini biriktirmog do not express parts of the human body. Therefore, it seems appropriate to call them somatic phrasemes.

In general, a phraseme is a linguistic unit that has a distinct form, consists of certain components, interacts with other parts of speech in speech, has a grammatical index and has a grammatical form. In this sense, phrasemes have their own form and paradigmatic form. The totality of the components that make up the form and composition is the form of the phrase itself. The form of phrases is its material basis. This study is devoted to the scientific study of the component composition of the phraseme, which forms its formation, its properties and meaning.

REFERENCES

- 1. Berdiyorov H., Yuldashev B. Bibliographic index on Uzbek phraseology. —Samarkand: Without Publishing, 1977. - 38 p.
- **2.** Rahmatullaev Sh. Phraseology with lexicology // Modern Uzbek literary language. — Tashkent, 1992. - B. 49-186;. Phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language;. Connection of verb phrases in Uzbek language. — Tashkent: Un-t, 1992. - 126 p.;
- 3. Yuldashev B. Functional and methodological features of phraseological units in modern Uzbek literary language: Philological sciences diss. ... avtoref. - Tashkent, 1993. - 46 p.;
- **4.** Mamatov A.E. Problems of formation of Uzbek phraseology: Philol. d-ri diss. ... avtoref. -Tashkent, 2000. - 56 p.;

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

- 5. Bozorboev Q.T. Phraseologisms of Uzbek colloquial speech: Philol. candidate of sciences diss ... avtoref. - Samarkand, 2001. -22 p;
- **6.** Rasulov I.I. Adverbial phraseological units in Russian and Uzbek languages: Abstract of the thesis. dis. ... cand. philol. Sciences. - Tashkent, 1987. - 22 p.;
- **7.** Rafiev A.R. Structural functional and properties of phraseological units of the Uzbek language: Abstract of the thesis. dis. ... cand. philol. Sciences. - Tashkent, 1982. - 19 p.;
- **8.** Rafiev A. Phrases are the beauty of our speech. -Tashkent: Uzbekistan, 1985. -22 p.
- 9. Berdiyorov H., Yuldashev B. Bibliographic index on Uzbek phraseology. —Samarkand: Without publishing house, 1977.
- 10. Yuldashev B. Functional and methodological features of phraseological units in modern Uzbek literary language. Author's abstract of the dissertation of the doctor of philological sciences. - Tashkent, 1993. -46 b.
- 11. Mamatov A.E. Problems of formation of Uzbek phraseology: Philol. doc diss. ... avtoref. -Tashkent, 2000. - 56 p.
- 12. Usmonova Sh.R. Somatic phraseology in Uzbek and Turkish languages. NDA. Tashkent, 1998. Pages 8-12.

- 13. Khalikova M.K. Phraseology as a form of reflection of the national mentality in the language picture (based on the Russian and Uzbek languages). AKD. Tashkent, 1999.26 p.
- 14. Abdullaev Sh.D. Semantics of phraseology in translated works (based on the Uzbek translation of T.Kayipbergenov's works). NDA. Tashkent, 2006.21 p.
- **15.** Shamsiddinov H. Functional-semantic synonyms of words in the Uzbek language. DDA. Tashkent, 1999;
- **16.**Shamsiddinov H. The formal and semantic nature of functional-semantic synonyms of words. Textbook. Tashkent: University, 2008. 94 pages.
- 17. Abdullaev Sh.D. Semantics of phraseology in translated works (based on the Uzbek translation of T.Kayipbergenov's works). NDA.Tashkent, 2006.21 p.
- 18. Shamsiddinov Н. Functional-semantic synonyms of words in the Uzbek language. DDA. Tashkent, 1999;
- **19.** Shamsiddinov H. The formal and semantic nature of functional-semantic synonyms of words. Textbook. Tashkent: University, 2008. 94 pages.
- 20. Mamatov A.E. Problems of lexical and phraseological norms in modern Uzbek

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569







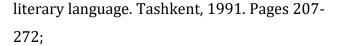








Publisher: Frontline Journals



- 21. Mamatov A.E. Problems of the lexical and phraseological norm in the modern Uzbek literary language. ADD. Tashkent, 1991. P.40-47.
- 22. Raxmatullaev Sh. The main grammatical features of figurative verb phraseological units in modern Uzbek. ND.M., 1952.30 p.
- 23. Begmatov E., Mamatov A. Literary norm theory. Part 1. Tashkent: Navruz, 1977. p.95;
- 24. Begmatov E., Mamatov A. Literary norm theory (types of literary norm). Part 2. Tashkent: Navruz, 1998. p.134;
- 25. Begmatov E., Mamatov A. Theory of literary norm (laws of formation and existence of literary norm). Section 3. Tashkent: Navruz, 1999. p.140.
- **26.** Yuldashev B. The relation of phraseology to the norm of literary language // Uzbek language and literature, 1992, issues 3-4, pages 37-42;
- 27. Karimov S.A. Language teaching and norms (textbook). Tashkent: People's Heritage, 2002. Pages 112-115 and others.
- 28. Mamatov A.E. Problems of formation of Uzbek phraseology. DDA. Tashkent, 2000.50-p.

- **29.** Bozorboev K.T. Phraseologisms of Uzbek colloquial speech. NDA.Samarkand, 2001. Page 14.
- **30.** Functional and methodological features of phraseological units in modern Uzbek literary language. DD Tashkent, 1994.
- **31.** Bushy A.M., Yakhshiev A.A. Phraseology of the Uzbek diological speech (on the material of artistic prose) // Soviet Turkology, 1986. No. 3.C.27-33; 31.Bushy A.M., Zhurakulov R.D. Phraseology of Uzbek folk tales // Soviet Turkology, 1990. No. 5.C.40-48.
- 32. Jo'raeva B. Linguistic position and spiritualmethodological application of proverbs. NDA. Samarkand, 2002.11-p.
- **33.** Juraeva B. Idioms in phrases and articles // Uzbek language and literature, 2010, issue 6, page 109.
- **34.** Abdusaidov A. Phraseologisms are an effective tool in press language. Samarkand: SamSU, 2001.48 pages;
- **35.** Begmatov E., Abdusaidov A. Phraseological neologisms in the language of the press // Uzbek language and literature, 2002, issue 1, pages 23-27; 36.Abdusaidov A. Journalist's language skills. Samarkand: SamSU, 2004, pages 67-70;

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

- **36.** Abdusaidov A. Linguistic features of newspaper genres.DDA. Tashkent: 2005.29-32 pages.
- **37.** Isagova G.N. Lexical and semantic features of the verb to do in Uzbek. NDA. Tashkent, 2008. Pages 13-16.
- **38.** Vafoeva M.Y. Phraseological synonyms in Uzbek language and their structural-semantic analysis. NDA.Tashkent, 2009.20-p.
- **39.** Yuldashev B. On the study of pragmatic possibilities of phraseology in the text // problems Actual of Uzbek linguistics (Materials of the Republican scientific and practical conference). Andijan: AUL, 2011.12-15 pages; 41. Yuldashev B., Rashidova U. On some problems of studying Uzbek cognitive phraseology // Lexical and grammatical problems of language development (Materials the Republican scientific-practical of conference). Samarkand: SamDChTI, 2011. pp. 56-60;
- 40. Mamatov A., Ochilov D. Analysis of phrasal models // Stylistics and pragmatics (materials of scientific conferences). Part 1. Samarkand: SamSU, 2010.112-115 pages; Ochilov D. Analysis of Phrasematic Models // Uzbek Language and Literature, 2011, No. 2, pages 84-86;

- 41. Rashidova U. Problems of linguistic modeling in phraseology (on the example of somatic phraseology) // Foreign philology (language, literature, education), 2011, issue 4, pages 54-59;
- 42.G'anieva **Problems** Sh. of modeling phraseology // Uzbek language and literature, 2011,5, pages 111-113.
- **43.** Yuldashev R., Primov A. Significant research on Uzbek phraseology and phraseography // Ilm sarchashmalari, 2014, issue 9, pages 95-98;
- **44.**Boymirzaeva S., Rashidova U. Research of Uzbek phraseology and phraseography // Uzbek language and literature, 2014, issue 6, pages 117-119; 47. Yuldashev B, Rashidova U. "Structural research of Uzbek phraseology" (about the monograph of the same name by Sh. Ganieva) // Uzbek language and literature, 2015, issue 2, pages 126-127 and others.
- **45.**Ismoilov G. Representation of numbers in phraseological units (on the example of Uzbek, Kazakh and Karakalpak languages) // Uzbek language and literature, 2014, issue 4, pages 9-13:
- 46. Ismoilov G. Idioethnic features of white and black concepts in phraseology // Uzbek language and literature, 2015, issue 3, pages 78-85 and others.

VOLUME 02 ISSUE 04 Pages: 135-148

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 376) (2022: 5. 561)

OCLC - 1276789625 METADATA IF - 7.569















Publisher: Frontline Journals

- **47.** Jumanazarova G. "Mind" phrases // Uzbek language and literature, 2012, issue 2, pages 93-96; Hasanova D. On phraseology with the participation of Arabic lexical units // Uzbek language and literature, 2015, issue 3, pages 97-100 and others.
- **48.** Jamolkhonov H. Modern Uzbek literary language. Revised and supplemented edition based on the new classifier. Tashkent: O'ME, 2013. Pages 334-335.
- **49.**Raxmatullaev Sh. Modern Uzbek literary language. Tashkent: University, 2006,418 pages; Raxmatullaev Sh. Modern literary Uzbek. Book 2. Tashkent: Classic word. 2010.162 pages.
- **50.**Royzenzon L.I. and others. Materials for bibliography general on auestions of phraseology; Royzenzon L.I. and others. Bibliographic index of literature on questions of phraseology. - Tashkent, 1965. - 142 p.
- 51. Rahmatullaev Sh. Phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language. - Tashkent: Fan, 1966. — B. 4.
- **52.** Zhukov V.P. Semantics of phraseological turns. - M.: Science, 1978. - S. 91-102.
- 53. Vinogradov V.V. Selected works. Studies in Russian grammar. – M.: Science, 1977. – 312 p.

54. Isaev A. Somatic phraseological units of the Uzbek language: Abstract of the thesis. diss. ... cand. Philology. Sciences. - Tashkent, 1977. -22 p.

